

Math 3160 - Test 2.2

Name: _____

1. Find standard equation for the plane (in \mathbb{R}^3) so that
 - (a) the plane contains the point $P(2, 2, -1)$, $Q(1, 0, 3)$ and $R(0, -1, 0)$.
 - (b) the plane contains the the point $P(2, 2, -1)$ and is parallel to the two vectors $(1, -2, 0)$ and $(1, 2, -4)$.

2. Let $W = \{(x, y, z, w) \in \mathbb{R}^4 : \text{where } x + z - w = 0\}$. Use the two step subspace test to show $(W, +, \cdot)$ is a subspace.
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3. Let $S = \{(0, 0, 0, 1), (1, 1, 1, 1), (1, 1, 0, 1)\}$.
- (a) Is S linearly independent?
 - (b) Is $(4, 7, 2, -1) \in \text{Span}(S)$? If yes what is a linear combination of the vectors in S that equals $(4, 7, 2, -1)$?
 - (c) Does S span \mathbb{R}^4 ?
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4. Let $B = \{(1, 0), (0, 1)\}$, $B_1 = \{(1, -1), (-1, 2)\}$ and $B_2 = \{(1, 1), (4, 1)\}$.
- (a) Find the change of basis matrices for $P_{B \rightarrow B_1}$ and $P_{B_1 \rightarrow B_2}$.
 - (b) Find the coordinates of the point $(1, 3)$ (given in the standard basis) relative to the bases B_1 and B_2 .
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5. Write the matrix for the following transformations described below.
- (a) $T : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$ where the plane is rotated by 30° counter-clockwise.
 - (b) $T : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$ where the x-axis is stretched by 3 and the y-axis is contracted by a factor of $1/2$.
 - (c) $T : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$ where the x-axis is stretched by 3 and the y-axis is contracted by a factor of $1/2$ and then the plane is rotated by 30° counter-clockwise .
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6. The linear transformation $T : \mathbb{R}^4 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^4$ is given by the formula

$$T\left(\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \\ w \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} x + w \\ 2x + y + 3w \\ 3x + 2y + z + w \\ x + 2w \end{bmatrix}.$$

- (a) Find the matrix, A , to represent the linear transformation T .
- (b) Compute the basis for the Range of T , which is the Column Space of A .
- (c) Find a basis for the null space of A , $\text{NULL}(A)$.
- (d) Compute the dimension of $\text{COL}(A)$ and $\text{NULL}(A)$. The dimension of the range of T is called the rank of T and the dimension of the null space is called the nullity.
- (e) What is the dimension of the domain of T and the codomain of T ? Again, compare Rank, Nullity and the dimension of the Domain. Do you see a relation?

7. For the following matrices find the characteristic equation, the eigenvalues and their corresponding eigen vectors.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 5 & 0 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

8. Let $\{\mathbf{v}_1, \mathbf{v}_2, \mathbf{v}_3\}$ be a basis for a vector space V with the following properties:
- \mathbf{v}_1 is perpendicular to \mathbf{v}_2 and \mathbf{v}_3 , and \mathbf{v}_2 is perpendicular to \mathbf{v}_3
 - the norm of each vector is 1.
- (a) What is $\mathbf{v}_2 \cdot \mathbf{v}_3$?
- (b) What is the norm of $\mathbf{v}_1 + 3\mathbf{v}_2 - 2\mathbf{v}_3$?
- (c) What is the angle between $\mathbf{v}_1 + 3\mathbf{v}_2 - 2\mathbf{v}_3$ and \mathbf{v}_2 ?
- (d) What is the norm of $a\mathbf{v}_1 + b\mathbf{v}_2 + c\mathbf{v}_3$ where $a, b, c \in \mathbb{R}$?
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