## Math 6250 Presentation 4

Name:

- 1. Show the following are monotone or not. State whether they are monotone increasing, monotone decreasing or not monotone. And prove it.
  - (a)  $a_n = \frac{1}{n}$ .
  - (b) Defined recursively as  $a_1 = 1$  and  $a_{n+1} = 1 + \frac{1}{a_n}$ .
  - (c) Defined recursively as  $a_1 = 1$  and  $a_{n+1} = 1 + \frac{a_n}{a_{n+1}}$ .
  - (d)  $a_n = \frac{-1}{n}$ .
  - (e) What do the sequences from 1b and 1c have to do with a well known sequence?
- 2. Prove the Monotone convergence Theorem: That is If  $(a_n)$  is a bounded and monotone sequence then  $(a_n)$  converges.
- 3. Use the Monotone Convergence Theorem to show that: the sequence defined as  $a_1 = 1$  and  $a_{n+1} = 1 + \frac{a_n}{a_n+1}$  converges.
- 4. Prove with  $\varepsilon N$  proof that  $a_n = \frac{2n+1}{3n+5}$  converges.
- 5. Prove with  $\varepsilon-N$  proof that the sequence defined below is not convergent.

$$a_n = \sum_{j=1}^n \frac{1}{j}$$

So 
$$a_1 = \sum_{j=1}^{1} \frac{1}{j} = \frac{1}{1} = 1$$
,  $a_2 = \sum_{j=1}^{2} \frac{1}{j} = \frac{1}{1} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{2}$  and  $a_3 = \sum_{j=1}^{3} \frac{1}{j} = \frac{1}{1} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{11}{6}$ .