

## Math 3520 - Quiz 4

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Type proof in complete and proper English.

1. Define  $f : \mathbb{Z}_6 \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_3$  by  $f(n) = n \bmod 3$ . Is  $f$  injective, surjective or bijective? Prove or disprove.
2. Define  $f : (0, 4) \rightarrow (1, 13)$  by  $f(x) = 3x + 1$ . Prove  $f$  is bijective.
3. Define  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  by  $f(x) = x^2 + 1$ . Show  $f$  is not injective and show  $f$  is not surjective.
4. Let  $f : A \rightarrow B$  and  $g : B \rightarrow C$ . Prove the following.
  - (a) If  $f$  and  $g$  are injective then  $g \circ f$  is injective.
  - (b) If  $f$  and  $g$  are surjective then  $g \circ f$  is surjective.
5. Let  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be defined by  $f(x) = x^2 - 1$ . Compute
  - $f((-3, 2))$
  - $f^{-1}((-3, 2))$
  - $f \circ f^{-1}((-3, 2])$
  - $f^{-1} \circ f((-3, 2))$
6. Let  $f : A \rightarrow B$ . Prove the following.
  - (a)  $f(A_1 \cup A_2) = f(A_1) \cup f(A_2)$  for any sets  $A_1, A_2 \subseteq A$ .
  - (b)  $f(A_1 \cap A_2) \subseteq f(A_1) \cap f(A_2)$  for any sets  $A_1, A_2 \subseteq A$ .
  - (c) Demonstrate that the  $\subseteq$  in Problem 6b cannot be equality by defining a function  $f : A \rightarrow B$  and two sets  $A_1, A_2 \subseteq A$  so that  $f(A_1 \cap A_2) \neq f(A_1) \cap f(A_2)$ .
7. List all elements of the set  $\mathcal{S}_3$ . How many elements are in the set  $\mathcal{S}_6$ ?
8. For the following permutations:  
 $\sigma_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 4 & 2 & 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$ ,  $\sigma_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 2 & 1 & 4 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$ ,  $\sigma_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$   
compute:
  - (a)  $\sigma_1 \circ \sigma_1$
  - (b)  $\sigma_1 \circ \sigma_2 \circ \sigma_2$
  - (c)  $\sigma_1^3$
  - (d)  $\sigma_1^{-1}$