

## MATH 5320 Test 2: Practice

Know Quiz 6 and

### 1 Continuity

1. Show  $f(x) = x^2 + 1$  is continuous at  $x = 3$  (using the  $\varepsilon - \delta$  definition).
2. Show  $f(x) = x^2 + 1$  is continuous where  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  (using the  $\varepsilon - \delta$  definition).
3. Show  $f(x) = x^2 + 1$  is uniformly continuous at  $f : [-10, 7] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  (using the  $\varepsilon - \delta$  definition).
4. State the IVT and the EVT.
5. 3.4: 8 (page 169)

### 2 Differentiability

6. Compute the derivatives of the following using the definition:
  - (a)  $f(x) = x^2$
  - (b)  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 3x - 2 + \frac{x^2}{|x|} & : x \neq 0 \\ -2 & : x = 0 \end{cases}$  at  $x = 0$ .
  - (c)  $f(x) = \begin{cases} x \sin(\frac{1}{x}) & : x \neq 0 \\ 0 & : x = 0 \end{cases}$  at  $x = 0$ .
  - (d)  $f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 \sin(\frac{1}{x}) & : x \neq 0 \\ 0 & : x = 0 \end{cases}$  at  $x = 0$ .
  - (e)  $f(x) = \begin{cases} \sin(\frac{1}{x}) & : x \neq 0 \\ 0 & : x = 0 \end{cases}$  at  $x = 0$ .
7. Prove if  $f(x)$  and  $g(x)$  are differentiable at  $x = c$  then  $[f(c)g(c)]' = f'(c)g(c) + f(c)g'(c)$ .
8. Prove if  $f$  is differentiable at  $x = c$  then  $f$  is continuous at  $x = c$ .
9. State the MVT.
10. Find all values of  $c$  from the MVT for the following

- (a)  $f(x) = 3x^2 + 5x + 7; [1, 7]$
- (b)  $f(x) = 3x^2 + 5x + 7; [a, b]$
- (c)  $f(x) = |x|; [1, 7]$
- (d)  $f(x) = |x|; [-1, 7]$

11. 4.3:21

12. State Taylor's Theorem

13. Use Taylor's Theorem ( $n=3$ ) to find a polynomial to approximate the following functions at  $a = 0$ . Bound the remainder term for values in the interval  $[0, 1]$ .

- (a)  $f(x) = \sin(2x)$ .
- (b)  $f(x) = \cos(3x)$ .
- (c)  $f(x) = e^{5x}$ .

### 3 Integration

14. Prove (using Riemann Sums) that

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 2 & : x > 2 \\ -3 & : x \leq 2 \end{cases}$$

is integrable over the interval  $[0, 3]$ . What is that integral?

15. Let  $f(x) = x^2 + 1$ ,  $[a, b] = [1, 4]$  and let  $\mathcal{P} = \{1, 2, 3, 3.5, 3.7, 4\}$  be a partition for  $[1, 4]$  and let  $\mathcal{S} = \{1, 2.2, 3.1, 3.6, 4\}$  be a sampling. Compute  $RS(f, \mathcal{P}, \mathcal{S})$ ,  $US(f, \mathcal{P})$  and  $LS(f, \mathcal{P})$ .

16. State the FTC v0, the FTC v1, the FTC v2 and the MVTI.

17. What does the MVTI say about

- (a)  $f(x) = x^2 + 1$  over  $[a, b] = [-1, 3]$ .
- (b)  $f(x) = |x|$  over  $[a, b] = [-3, 3]$ .

18. 5.2:2,3,4

19. 5.4:9,10

20. Let  $f_n(x) = x^n$  where  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ .

- (a) Graph  $f_n(x)$  on the interval  $[0, 1]$  for several values of  $n$  until you see the pattern. Explain the pattern.
- (b) Compute  $\int_0^1 f_n$ .
- (c) Find the limit  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \int_0^1 f_n$ .