## Name:\_\_\_\_\_

1. Let  $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle t^2 - t, 3t^2 + t + 1 \rangle$ . Compute the velocity and acceleration at the points t = 0 and t = 1. Graph the acceleration and velocity coming from the point.

2. Compute the limit if it exists. If not show why.

$$\lim_{(x,y)\to(0,0)}\frac{x^2+3xy+y^2}{x^2+y^2}$$

3. Let  $f(x, y, z) = e^{x^2 - 4y} - xyz$ . Find the tangent planes at P(2, 1, -1). Use the tangent plane to approximate f(1.9, 1.1, -1). 4. Use the second derivative test to find and classify the extremma for:

$$f(x,y) = x^3 + x^2y + y^3 - 9y - 3$$

- (a) If D(P) > 0 and  $f_{xx}(P) > 0$  then f has a local minimum at P.
- (b) If D(P) > 0 and  $f_{xx}(P) < 0$  then f has a local maximum at P.
- (c) If D(P) < 0 then f has a saddle point at P.
- (d) If D(P) = 0 then the second derivative test is inconclusive.

where  $D(x, y) = f_{xx}(x, y) f_{yy}(x, y) - (f_{xy}(x, y))^2$ .

5. Find max/min of  $f(x, y, z) = xy + z^2$  subject to 2x + y - 2z = 1

6.  $\iint_R e^{x^2} dA$  over the region defined by y = -x, y = x and the vertical line x = 4.

7.  $\iint_R \sin(x^2 + y^2) \, dA \text{ over the region defined by the portion of the circle} \\ x^2 + y^2 = 1 \text{ in the second quadrant.}$ 

8.  $\iint_R \frac{x-y}{x+y} dA \text{ over the region defined the lines } y = x+2, \ y = x+4, \\ y = -x+2 \text{ and } y = -x+3.$