Name:

- 1. Compute the following without a calculator:
 - $\cos(\pi/2)$
 - $\sec(\pi/3)$
 - $\sin(11\pi/3)$
 - $\tan(14\pi/6)$
 - $\csc(-\pi/6)$
 - $\cos^{-1}(1)$ all answers $0 \le \theta \le 2\pi$.
 - $\sec^{-1}(2)$ all answers $0 \le \theta \le 2\pi$.
 - $\sin^{-1}(\frac{-\sqrt{3}}{2})$ all answers $0 \le \theta \le 2\pi$.
- 2. Convert the following equations from Cartesian to parametric.
 - $y = x^2$
 - $y^2 4x = 2y + 1$
 - $x^2 + y^2 = 4$
- 3. Convert the following equations from parametric to Cartesian.
 - $x = 2t 1, y = t^2 + 2$
 - $x = t^3, y = t$
 - $x = \cos(3t), y = \sin(3t)$
- 4. Graph the following equations given in parametric.
 - $x = 2t 1, y = t^2 + 2$
 - $x = t^3, y = t$
 - $x = \cos(3t), y = \sin(3t)$
 - $x = t\cos(t), y = t\sin(t)$
- 5. Define the parametric equation:

$$x = e^{2t-2}\sin(t), \ y = e^{2t-2}\cos(t)$$

(a) Find the line tangent to the equation at the point t = 1.

- (b) Find the second derivative of the given equation.
- 6. Find the area under the curve given by the parametric equation from t = 1 to t = 3. $-2, y = e^{2t^2 - 2}$

$$x = 3t^2 - 2, y = e^{2t^2 - 2t^2}$$